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APPLICATION NO.		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/939,258		08/24/2001	James M. Derderian	4831US (01-0105)	4831US (01-0105) 2185	
24247	7590	05/22/2006		EXAMINER		
TRASK B			GRAYBILL, DAVID E			
P.O. BOX 2550 SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84110				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
U				2822		
			DATE MAILED: 05/22/2006			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		H'					
	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	09/939,258	DERDERIAN, JAMES M.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	David E. Graybill	2822					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appearing for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING I - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA  1.136(a). In no event, however, may a repl d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH ate, cause the application to become ABAN	ATION.  y be timely filed  IS from the mailing date of this communication.  NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27	February 2006.						
2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)□ Th	<u> </u>						
,	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D.	11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) <u>1,3,5-25,28-35,53 and 54</u> is/are per	Claim(s) <u>1,3,5-25,28-35,53 and 54</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) 9,24 and 29 is/are v	4a) Of the above claim(s) 9,24 and 29 is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6) Claim(s) <u>1,3-23,25,28,30-35,53 and 54</u> is/are	e rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	/an atantian magninamant						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examir							
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ ac	•						
Applicant may not request that any objection to th		, ,					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	, , ,	•					
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the B	Examiner. Note the attached C	Diffice Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of:	gn priority under 35 U.S.C. § 1	19(a)-(d) or (f).					
<ol> <li>Certified copies of the priority document</li> </ol>	nts have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority docume	•						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri	•	eceived in this National Stage					
application from the International Bure  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list		aceived					
See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	st of the certified copies not re	eceiveu.					
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		nmary (PTO-413) Mail Date					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date		rmal Patent Application (PTO-152)					

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The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 3, 5-8, 10, 12-17 and 53 are rejected under 35 U.S.C.

103(a) as being unpatentable over Pu (6593662) and LoBianco (6340846).

The rejection is maintained as in the previous Office action.

Claims 18-21, 30, 31, 33-35 and 54 are rejected under 35

U.S.C. 102(e) as being clearly anticipated by Foster (6437449).

The rejection is maintained as in the previous Office action.

Claims 11, 22, 18-23, 25, 28, 30-35 and 54 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pu as applied to claims 18-23, 25, 28 and 30-35 in the previous Office action, and over Pu and LoBianco as applied to claims 1, 3, 5-8, 10, 12-17 and 53 supra, and further in combination with Foster (6437449).

The rejection is maintained as in the previous Office action.

Claims 1, 3, 5-8 and 10-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Foster as applied under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) to claims 18-21, 30, 31, 33-35 and 54, and further in combination with LoBianco (6340846).

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The rejection is maintained as in the previous Office action.

Applicant's remarks filed 2-27-6 have been fully considered and are addressed infra.

Applicant states, "Foster does not expressly or inherently disclose that the *adhesive* layers 121/221 are spacers, as the Examiner asserts."

This statement is respectfully deemed unpersuasive because there is no such assertion in the rejection. Moreover, Foster is not necessarily applied to the rejection for an express or inherent disclosure that the layers 121/221 are spacers. Instead, 121/221 are spacers by definition.

Also, applicant contends, "Foster does not expressly or inherently disclose that the adhesive layers 121/221 are laterally spaced from the spacer 116."

This contention is respectfully deemed unpersuasive because Foster is not applied to the rejection for a disclosure that the adhesive layers 121/221 are laterally spaced from the spacer 116.

Applicant also alleges that Pu teaches away from the use of compressible spacers.

This allegation is respectfully traversed because, at most, Pu merely discloses examples and preferred embodiments, and disclosed examples and preferred embodiments do not constitute a teaching away from a broader disclosure or nonpreferred embodiments. In re Susi, 169 USPQ 423 (CCPA

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1971). "A known or obvious composition does not become patentable simply because it has been described as somewhat inferior to some other product for the same use." In re Gurley, 31 USPQ2d 1130, 1132 (Fed. Cir. 1994). A reference may be relied upon for all that it would have reasonably suggested to one having ordinary skill the art, including nonpreferred embodiments. Merck & Co. v. Biocraft Laboratories, 874 F.2d 804, 10 USPQ2d 1843 (Fed. Cir.), cert. denied, 493 U.S. 975 (1989). To further clarify, a prior art opinion that a claimed invention is not preferred for a particular limited purpose, does not preclude utility of the invention for that or another purpose, or even preferability of the invention for another purpose. Moreover, even a teaching away from a claimed invention does not necessarily render the invention patentable. See Celeritas Technologies Ltd. v. Rockwell International Corp., 150 F.3d 1354, 1361, 47 USPQ2d 1516, 1522-23 (Fed. Cir. 1998), where the court held that the prior art anticipated the claims even though it taught away from the claimed invention. "The fact that a modem with a single carrier data signal is shown to be less than optimal does not vitiate the fact that it is disclosed." Similarly, in In re Geisler, 116 F.3d 1465, 1471, 43 USPQ2d 1362, 1366 (Fed. Cir. 1997) applicant argued that the prior art taught away from use of a protective layer for a reflective article having a thickness within the claimed range of "50 to 100 Angstroms." Specifically, a patent to Zehender, which was relied

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upon to reject applicant's claim, included a statement that the thickness of the protective layer "should be not less than about [100 Angstroms]." The court held that the patent did not teach away from the claimed invention. "Zehender suggests that there are benefits to be derived from keeping the protective layer as thin as possible, consistent with achieving adequate protection. A thinner coating reduces light absorption and minimizes manufacturing time and expense. Thus, while Zehender expresses a preference for a thicker protective layer of 200-300 Angstroms, at the same time it provides the motivation for one of ordinary skill in the art to focus on thickness levels at the bottom of Zehender's suitable range - about 100 Angstroms - and to explore thickness levels below that range. The statement in Zehender that [i]n general, the thickness of the protective layer should be not less than about [100 Angstroms] falls far short of the kind of teaching that would discourage one of skill in the art from fabricating a protective layer of 100 Angstroms or less. [W]e are therefore not convinced that there was a sufficient teaching away in the art to overcome [the] strong case of obviousness made out by Zehender." See MPEP 2144.05II and MPEP 2145, paragraph X.D..

**THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

For information on the status of this application applicant should check PAIR: Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Alternatively, applicant may contact the File Information Unit at (703) 308-2733. Telephone status inquiries should not be directed to the examiner. See MPEP 1730VIC, MPEP 203.08 and MPEP 102.

Any other telephone inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David E. Graybill at (571) 272-1930. Regular office hours: Monday through Friday, 8:30 a.m. to 6:00 p.m.

The fax phone number for group 2800 is (571) 273-8300.

David E. Graybill Primary Examiner Art Unit 2822 Application/Control Number: 09/939,258

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D.G.

12-May-06